By: Representatives Currie, Hall, McLean To: Judiciary B

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HOUSE BILL NO. 80

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 13-1-23, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO CREATE AN EVIDENTIARY PRESUMPTION OF DEATH TO BE KNOWN AS THE "ZEB 3 HUGHES LAW" WHENEVER UNCONTRADICTED SWORN TESTIMONY AND EVIDENCE SUPPORT A DETERMINATION OF THE DEATH OF A MISSING PERSON WHO HAS 5 UNDERGONE A CATASTROPHIC EVENT THAT EXPOSED THE PERSON TO IMMINENT 6 PERIL; TO CREATE NEW SECTION 41-57-8, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO 7 REQUIRE THE STATE REGISTRAR OF VITAL STATISTICS TO PREPARE A DEATH CERTIFICATE FOR A MISSING PERSON LEGALLY PRESUMED TO BE DEAD UPON 8 9 RECEIPT OF A PROPER COURT ORDER; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.

- 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
- 11 SECTION 1. Section 13-1-23, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
- 12 amended as follows:
- 13 13-1-23. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)
- 14 of this section, a * * * person who shall remain beyond the sea,
- or absent himself or herself from this state, or conceal himself 15
- or herself in this state, for seven (7) years successively without 16
- 17 being heard of, shall be presumed to be dead in any case
- 18 where * * * the person's death shall come in question, unless
- 19 proof be made that * * * the person was alive within that time.
- 20 Any property or estate recovered in any such case shall be

21 restored to the person evicted or deprived thereof, if, in a

22	subsequent	action,	it	shall	be	proved	that	the	person	SO	presumed

- 23 to be dead is living.
- 24 (2) (a) This subsection shall be known and may be cited as
- 25 the "Zeb Hughes Law."
- 26 A person who has undergone a catastrophic event that exposed
- 27 the person to imminent peril or danger reasonably expected to
- 28 result in loss of life and whose absence following the event is
- 29 not explained satisfactorily after diligent search or inquiry is
- 30 presumed to be dead if the sworn testimony of persons having
- 31 firsthand knowledge of the event, including law enforcement
- 32 officers, first responders, search and rescue personnel and
- 33 volunteers, eyewitnesses and any other persons, along with any
- 34 other evidence before the court, is uncontradicted and supports a
- 35 determination that the death of the missing person occurred in the
- 36 catastrophic event. The death is presumed to have occurred at the
- 37 time of the catastrophic event.
- 38 (b) The hearing to review evidence of the catastrophic
- 39 event shall be held no less than two (2) years after the
- 40 catastrophic event. Loss of life shall be proven by clear and
- 41 convincing evidence. A notice of the hearing shall be provided to
- 42 the coroner, the district attorney and the sheriff of the county
- 43 in which the catastrophic event occurred within thirty (30) days
- 44 of the date set for the hearing in accordance with the Mississippi
- 45 Rules of Civil Procedure.

- 46 **SECTION 2.** The following shall be codified as Section
- 47 41-57-8, Mississippi Code of 1972:
- 48 41-57-8. (1) When a death is presumed to have occurred
- 49 under Section 13-1-23, the State Registrar of Vital Statistics
- 50 shall prepare a death certificate upon receipt of an order of a
- 51 court of competent jurisdiction within the state. The court order
- 52 shall include the following:
- 53 (a) The decedent's full legal name;
- 54 (b) The date of death, as determined by the evidence
- 55 presented;
- 56 (c) The place of death, as determined by the evidence
- 57 presented;
- 58 (d) The decedent's address at the time of death;
- 59 (e) The decedent's marital status at the time of death;
- (f) The given name of the decedent's surviving spouse,
- 61 if any;
- 62 (q) If known, information necessary to complete the
- 63 medical portion of the death certificate, including the cause and
- 64 manner of death. If the death occurred from a catastrophic event,
- 65 the court order must include information on how and when the event
- 66 occurred; and
- 67 (h) Such other information that may be required under
- 68 rules and regulations promulgated by the State Board of Health.

- 69 (2) A death certificate issued pursuant to this section must
- 70 identify the court that issued the order on which the death
- 71 certificate is based and include the date of the court order.
- 72 (3) The record of a death registered under this section must
- 73 be marked "presumptive."
- 74 **SECTION 3.** This act shall take effect and be in force from
- 75 and after July 1, 2024.